

Our Times-Dispatch

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SATURDAY, OCTOBER 12, 1907.

Neither courage nor pride of lineage can gild a bad cause.—Scott.

MR. BRYAN'S SPEECH.

Mr. Bryan's speech at the State Fair yesterday was conservative and in good temper. It was lusty and pronounced, and unsparring in its attack upon the foes of Democracy and the common weal, but it was singularly free from vindictiveness, vituperation or display of personal spite. There were some sayings in the first part of his speech on the "average man" and the "middle class" which might well have been left out, for they had the vote-getting flavor, and Mr. Bryan is not supposed to be on a canvassing tour. Otherwise there was little in his address to which any good Democrat or any good citizen could object. Mr. Bryan's differentiation between the Jefferson school and Hamilton school of politics was able and scholarly, and yet so clear and plain that the simplest mind could understand and comprehend. He was bold and aggressive in his denunciation of centralization and eloquent in his championship of States' rights as the means of keeping the government close to the people. That is a Democratic fundamental. When the government is close to the people they understand it and take a personal interest in it. It is that sort of government only that teaches the high art of self-government and develops it. President Roosevelt is forever telling the people that they should strengthen the government at Washington and increase its powers, on the plea that the Federal government can take care of the interests of the people better than the local government. In a few cases, that may be true, but as a general proposition it is false and misleading doctrine and in its tendency, destructive of Democratic government. Its advocates, as Mr. Bryan well said, would remove the governing power as far as possible from the people, for that means more power and greater license for the rulers, and less interference from the people. But it means also less power to the people, who in this government are supreme. Local self-government is a prime essential of popular government. Destroy it and centralize the power in Washington, and the republic will soon pass into monarchy. These are true sayings, but they are vital and in substance they must be incorporated in the next Democratic platform. And Mr. Bryan so declares.

Mr. Bryan has done well to declare and champion the doctrine. He has also done well to declare in no uncertain way for tariff reform and against the protection robbery, which is the mother of graft. His discussion of the tariff yesterday was intelligent, forceful and statesmanlike. It is not often that the people of Virginia have had so clear or more striking or convincing presentation of that subject. The tariff is not a "purely business question," as the protectionists declare. It is a moral question. The government has no moral right to levy a tax for any purpose, save for revenue only. The government has no moral right to levy a tax upon the whole people for the benefit of a favored class. This is also a Democratic fundamental and must form a prominent plank in the platform of 1908. And Mr. Bryan so declares.

The Times-Dispatch does not approve all the policies which Mr. Bryan advocates, but it is in hearty sympathy with his views on Democratic essentials as expressed in his Richmond address.

The first number of the Virginia Journal of Education is on our table. We have not had time to read its various articles, but it has a dignified and attractive appearance, and its table of contents is most inviting. The initial article is by Superintendent Eggleston, and there are other articles by H. G. Parsons, M. E. Frayser, Willis A. Jenkins, R. C. Stearnes, in addition to editorial articles on various educational topics.

The Times-Dispatch gives the Virginia Journal of Education a hearty welcome, and commends it to all who feel an interest in the great cause of education in Virginia.

Rhymes for To-Day.

LUCY TANIA.

O! all earth's foats there is but one
For which I have a mania:
And that's, in brief, ere life be done,
To flit across the seas upon
The speedy Lucy Tania.

I yearn to test that wonder-craft,
That marvel of electricity,
To tramp her force and aft,
And scold the waves too weak to wait
One touch of mal-de-merity.

I pine to break my fast in Cork—
(And break it not too brokenly)—
To lunch at sea, and prod a fork
In dinner-grub at old N. Y.,
Or, at the least, Hobokeny.

The thing has fascination which
Appeals to many a cranial;
For me, I'll stint until I'm rich,
And then I'll float across the ditch
Upon the Lucy Tania.

Long months that means to me; all
Earth
Holds not a man that's needier:
And when at last I've bought my berth,
I'll bet you everything I'm worth
They'll have a boat that's speedier.

—H. S. H.

Says the Washington Herald: "It is insisted that the match between Miss Gladys Vanderbilt and Count Wladimir is a 'pure love affair.' Why, certainly, Miss Gladys pure-likes the Count's handle, and the Count pure-likes Miss Gladys—oh, well, cynical adult readers will know right away what we mean."

A negro editor predicts that a fire, flood or earthquake will visit Norfolk on November 25th, and destroy all "liars, hypocrites, backbiters and backsliders." Virginia fires, floods and earthquakes are the most dreaded things in this world, but it does seem that this is asking a little too much of them.

Is it characteristic of typical or something that the Lusitania's first western trip, which did not break all records, created far more excitement than her second, which did?

A Redlands, Cal., fisherman reports having seen a large trout wearing a watch and chain. Down in Texas a thing of this kind is never seen, all the trout there having hooked their watches in early infancy and never been able to redeem them.

We have pleasure in offering to the W. C. T. U. absolutely gratis, a new form of salute, to be executed by taking the pocket handkerchief firmly in the right hand and giving it a pronounced prohibition wave.

Colonel Henry Watterson opines that the penitentiary is the place for "the near humorist found guilty of stating that there's trouble brulin' in Louisiana." The party is 173 strong, Colonel, and could not be judged short of seven companies of militia.

Mr. Roosevelt may be, as the Denver Republican says, a truly "many-sided man," but nobody could claim that he is in it with John Temple Graves for getting on all the sides that there are.

Twelve million dollars for one Austrian count! It's a mighty lucky thing for Standard Oil that a lower scale of charges for counts prevails in this country.

A bookseller in the Charleston News and Courier advertises "The Youngest Set," by a certain popular author. Contrary to the usual rule, that set gets younger every time we look at it.

"Mae Wood is trying to prove that she is married to Senator Platt," says the Nashville American, although many citizens in Mae's place would be going to some pains to disprove it.

We have gradually inferred that Pittsburg's roll of Twenty-Eight Good Men does not include anybody by the name of Hartje.

The per capita circulation of money in the United States is now \$22.46, despite the fact that many capitalists are on a strictly net or minus basis.

In Washington the fear is now being expressed that the Henry Cabot Lodge boom has been irretrievably lost in the mails.

Mr. Bryan is a fine man, and is willing now, or at any future time, to be recognized as the Democratic party's affinity.

Considering the grasping prices asked for her first cabin, the Lusitania is indeed Queen of the Seize.

However, the Lusitania is by no means the swiftest thing that ever drew near to Broadway.

"I have all the money I want," says Oscar Hammerstein. Oscar also has some that we want.

Famous Words of Famous Men.

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"I see, in Our Relations With the Bund, a Fault of Prussia's Which We Must Cure, Sooner or Later, With Blood and Iron."

PRINCE VON BISMARCK, 1859.

THE foregoing expression, however, was not original with the iron chancellor. Quintilian, a Roman orator, used its equivalent long before Bismarck's time, when in the Declamations he referred to slaughter as meaning blood and iron: "Cordes videtur significare sanguinem et ferrum (slaughter seems to mean blood and iron)." Arndt, the poet of the war of Liberation, also used the simile in one of his songs, and when

"It is desirable and necessary that the condition of affairs in Germany and of her constitutional relations should be improved, but it cannot be accomplished by speeches and resolutions of a majority, but only by iron and blood."

Bismarck first used the words in 1859 he was the German representative in Russia and he was expressing himself diplomatically or otherwise, to Baron von Schieffeltz, the Prussian Minister of Foreign Affairs. The bund to which he referred was the alliance between the German States.

On another occasion, speaking in the German Parliament on the insufficiency of debates, Bismarck said, "The decision will only come from God, the God of battles, when He lets fall from His hands the iron disc of destiny."

Again, in the Prussian House of Delegates, September 20, 1862, in a speech before the budget commission, Bismarck said:

SOCIAL and PERSONAL

THE excellent sale of tickets gives assurance of the fact that a goodly number of Richmond people will accompany the excursion to Jamestown Island to-day, given under the auspices of the Association for the Preservation of Virginia Antiquities, with Miss Betty Ellison as chairman.

The interest and importance of the occasion and the charming October weather will render the excursion the most interesting and attractive of the year, the annual pilgrimage on May 13th excepted.

The trip to the island will be made in the steamer Hampton, leaving the wharf at 8:15 o'clock sharp. All desiring to do so can get luncheon on board, and every possible effort will be made for the comfort and pleasure of all who go. There is every indication that a most congenial crowd will board the Hampton this morning, as several hundred tickets had been disposed of yesterday.

Mr. Penabody's Lecture.

Mr. George Foster Penabody addressed a large audience in the Woman's Club yesterday afternoon.

Mr. Penabody is a most pleasing speaker. His subject was "Woman's Work in the Improvement of the World."

He deplored the number of women entering into the office-world, and firmly held that woman's place was in the home, for the improvement and betterment of men.

Mrs. L. L. Lewis, Mrs. John Southall, Mrs. Moses D. Hoge, Jr., and Miss Ellen Gulken were the hostesses of the afternoon.

Bishop Tuttle Honored.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles B. Cooke entertained on Thursday evening a dinner party, in honor of Bishop Tuttle, at "Holy Bank," their home on the Hermitage Road.

Other guests were Dr. Thomas Nelson Page, the Rev. W. S. Shreve of Jacksonville, Fla., and Mr. and Mrs. Edmund Strudwick.

Souvenir Programs.

Souvenir programs arranged by Mr. Henry Lee Valentine, to be distributed on Monday on the occasion of the Convention of the Protestant Episcopal Church, are quite as artistic and appropriate as the invitations previously sent out by Mr. Valentine.

A tasseled silk cord in Colonial blue and yellow is used as a memento. The covers have the Jamestown Church tower etched in gold and the Virginia coat of arms in blue.

The first page is inscribed with the cross, the letters I. H. S. underneath, and text in old English script, giving the date, character and objective point of the pilgrimage.

The order of exercises comes next, informing the reader that Holy Communion will be celebrated at 1:30 P. M. in memory of the first celebration of the rite by Anglican churches on June 21, 1607, when the Rev. Robert Hunt, first pastor of the Jamestown Church, was the celebrant. Then that address will be made by the Bishop of Southern Virginia, the host of the pilgrimage and bishops selected by him.

The last page of the program contains "Incidents in the History of Jamestown," beginning with May 13, 1607, and ending with the removal of the seat of government from Jamestown to Williamsburg.

Woman's Auxiliary.

Miss Louie Taylor, representing the Diocese of Southern Virginia, will have charge of arrangements on the Hampton, which will convey members of the Woman's Auxiliary to Jamestown Island, and bring them back to the city to-night.

On the Pocahontas, Brandon and Hampton, luncheon and afternoon tea will be served to guests of the occasion.

Meeting.

There will be a regular meeting of the Council of Jewish Juniors, Sunday, October 13th, in the vestry room of Temple Beth Ahava at 3:30 P. M. All members are requested to attend.

Personal Mention.

The Rev. George H. Ray, D. D., came to the city Wednesday to attend the meeting of the Board of Governors of the Masonic Home, of which he is a member.

Mrs. W. B. Pitts, of Loretto, Va., who has been the guest of Mrs. C. H. Taylor, of Bowling Green, Va., is visiting her sister, Mrs. J. L. Williams, in Richmond, and is attending the State Fair and horse show here.

Mrs. William N. Catlin, of Hampton, Va., will arrive in the city to-day and be the guest of her sister, Mrs. E. Wakefield, on Venable Street, for several weeks.

The Rev. Dr. and Mrs. Arthur Lloyd and Miss Rebecca Lloyd are guests of Mr. and Mrs. Pelham Blackford, in this city.

Mr. and Mrs. James C. Grimes, of Wake Forest, Va., are guests of the Messrs. Cringan, No. 1 North Third Street.

Miss Harriet Coles Webb leaves to-day for a visit to friends in Boston and New York.

Mrs. John Pollard is the guest of her

daughter, Mrs. O. P. Smoot, in Bowling Green.

Mrs. Graves and Miss Ethel Boston are guests of Mrs. John P. McGuire, Jr., on North Belvidere Street.

Mrs. Daniel and Miss Gille Cary are visiting at the home of Mr. J. L. White, in Bowling Green.

Mrs. L. M. Robinson is attending the Episcopal Convention at Norfolk.

Mrs. J. P. Schreckhise and Mrs. Thos. A. Ewers, of Staunton, have returned to their homes after having visited Mrs. A. Bromberg, at No. 505 West Grace Street, in Richmond.

The Misses Fenimore, of Newport News, are some attractive horse show guests in town.

Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Brown, of Lynchburg, are spending the week in this city.

Mr. and Mrs. W. D. Baker, of Clifton Forge, are visiting friends here for a short while.

Among the debutantes of the approaching season in Norfolk, Va., are Miss Gwendolen Morgan, Miss Lou Quimby, Miss Bessie Dey, Miss Clara Godwin, Miss Lucy Thom, Miss Louise Taylor and Miss Emily Johnston.

Mrs. Mary Scott Sublett and Miss E. C. Sublett will spend the next few days at the Jamestown Exposition.

The Rev. Kenneth Meers, of Hasker-Memorial, N. E. Church, has been the guest of the Rev. W. E. Edwards at Crozet, Va.

Mr. T. B. Saunders has returned from a ten days' trip to Northern cities. He and Mr. George S. Powell, of Raleigh, N. C., are entertaining a house party in the North Carolina Building at Jamestown Exposition. Young ladies in their party will be Misses Eugenia Johnston, of Staunton, and Miss Dorothy Coe, now at Winston-Salem, N. C.

Mrs. John L. de Treville will spend some weeks in Baltimore, Md., as the guest of relatives there.

Mr. G. G. Goch, of Staunton, Va., who has been spending some days at Hot Warwick, Newport News, Va., is now in the city.

Mr. and Mrs. R. T. Hunter, at No. 215 East Franklin Street.

Mr. and Mrs. Geo. W. Ellis, of Lloyds, Va., have issued cards to the marriage of their daughter, Estelle Garfield, to William G. Gwathmey, of Beulahville, Va. The wedding is to be at Essex Baptist Church on October 30th.

MECHANICS' INSTITUTE.

Field Engineering Class Will Begin To-Day.

Students are still coming in at the Virginia Mechanics' Institute, Richmond's night school of technology. Many of the classes are filled and some students have been waiting for a while to get into the classes which have been made there is accommodation for those who wish to take mathematics, drawing, physics, chemistry, trigonometry, mechanical practice, clay modeling and elementary engineering.

All classes have been organized and the first class in the field engineering course will begin work to-day at 3 P. M. The time of meeting is set so that any young man whose time during the day is taken up by his regular work can attend the training, to-morrow afternoon being the time when most manufacturers and offices are closed. The number required for the regular class of field engineering has been more than obtained, but there is room for several more. No extra charge is made for this class, but the regular tuition fee of \$3 for the session of nine months. J. A. Johnston, M. E., of the Virginia Polytechnic Institute and Cornell University, a consulting engineer of this city, will direct the work.

For admission to this class the applicant must have a good working knowledge of plane trigonometry. The course will embrace a study of the transit and level with their adjustments, leveling and recording field notes, determining bearings, and triangulation, latitudes and departures, running lines and tying out curves, use of slide rule, etc.

Four hundred and fifty-one students have entered this session, which makes the institute third in the number of matriculates in the State of Virginia and first among the educational institutions of the Commonwealth maintained for young men only.

DR. BRADY TO SPEAK.

Will Deliver Address at Big Y. M. C. A. Meeting To-Morrow.

The Young Men's Christian Association is planning for a great meeting for the city Wednesday afternoon at 8 o'clock in the Bijou Theatre. The Rev. Cyrus Townsend Brady, D. D., of Toledo, O., is to be the speaker. Mr. Brady is known as a world-wide speaker of ability and power. The theme of his address will be "The Message for Men."

At 2:15 in the Y. M. C. A. hall the boys will be addressed by Rev. Everett Smith, of New York City, the educational secretary of the Domestic and Foreign Missionary Society. The subject of his address will be "Some Modern Heroes."

Younger young men will meet in the Young Men's association at 2:45 Sunday afternoon.

The Conversational Bible Class, taking up the study of International Sunday School lessons, will meet to-day and will hold its regular session at 5:15 in the Association Building.

CANDIDATE TURNER IS HOPEFUL.

Varina Man Says Outlook for Him is Very Bright in Henrico Election.

J. W. Turner, of Varina District, Henrico county, independent candidate for the treasurer, was a visitor at the courthouse yesterday, and in an interview stated that he considered his prospects for a successful candidacy very bright. "Many men of influence," he stated, "have promised to support me, and with their help, I believe that I can beat Mr. Hechler if he should eventually be elected to the office."

Mr. Turner says he is a good Democrat and that the people would find him loyal to their interests. He is well known in the county and has made it his policy to be a strong competitor against the others who may enter the running.

Building Permits.

Building and repair permits were issued by Inspector Henry P. Beck yesterday, as follows: Richmond Traction Company, brick substation at Shafer and Broad, John T. Wilson contractor, \$7,500.

Thomas L. Boyle, three detached houses at College and Third Streets, J. T. J. Mellon contractor, \$7,000.

BURKE TRIAL GOES OVER TO DECEMBER

Physical Condition of Defendant Makes Delay Necessary.

DROVE TO COURT IN CARRIAGE

Kentucky Soldier Fined—Grand Jury Discharged, but May Be Recalled.

Interest in the United States District Court yesterday centered around the case of Frank P. Burke, whose trial on the charge of taking a letter containing \$250 from the mail while superintendent of Station B, was scheduled to take place, but owing to the physical condition of the accused it was postponed until December 24.

Mr. Burke was driven to the Federal building in a closed carriage, accompanied by his lawyers and two daughters, and his appearance indicated that he was by no means a well man.

Mr. John A. Lamb, with Messrs. H. S. Smith and George H. Hanson, will defend him, produced certificates from three physicians setting out that Mr. Burke is not able at this time to undergo the strain of a trial; that of Dr. Manfred Hall stating that a moderate surgical operation is necessary.

Judge Lewis, for the government, opposed a continuance, and cited the case of General Tyner, a prominent citizen who appeared in court on a stretcher to be tried.

Case Postponed.

Mr. Smith spoke earnestly for a continuance, and said that within a week after the proposed operation his client would be ready to appear.

After the lawyers had rather argued the point, Judge Waddill said: "I think the fact that the indictment was returned only yesterday entitles the defense to some delay, but not too long a delay. I can try this case in the last week in October or the first in December. I have important engagements that leave no other time open."

The lawyers then agreed upon December 24, and this date was fixed by the court.

Mr. Burke pleaded not guilty to the charge contained in the indictment, and his bail bond was renewed.

Mr. Smith had previously said he would demur to the indictment, but just before the proceedings were ended he said he would not pursue this course.

Kentucky Soldier Fined.

The court imposed a fine of \$100 upon J. R. Jarvis, the young Kentucky volunteer soldier who was found guilty of desertion, and sentenced him to the penitentiary for three months.

"I didn't know I was violating any law," said Jarvis in ignorance.

"Ignorance of the law is no excuse," said Judge Waddill, "but may sometimes be regarded as an extenuating circumstance, so it will impose the minimum penalty, \$100 fine. Let this be a warning to you."

The young man paid the fine and thanked the judge for his leniency.

Married.

The grand jury was discharged yesterday, subject to the call of the marshal, after bringing three additional indictments against "Rev." J. T. Hargrave, against W. S. Buchanan, both charged with using the mails for fraudulent purposes, and one against Edward J. Cooke for transferring 11 work from one bottle to another without having the bottles properly stamped.

In discharging the jury Judge Waddill said: "Gentlemen, I have been asked by the government to file a grand jury report on an important matter which may be presented for your consideration later on. You are dismissed, therefore, subject to the call of the court."

No one in authority about the building seemed to know what was the nature of the business the court had in mind. The court will hold a session to-day.

Captain Cunningham Goes South.

Captain Frank W. Cunningham, City Collector, has gone South to the hope of benefiting his health. He will visit Atlanta and other points south of that city, during his absence, the duties of his office are in charge of his deputy, Mr. Herbert Hulce.

NEW ADDITION TO THE STATE LIBRARY

Cabinets Received for the Library of Congress Catalogue.

Cabinets for the reception of the Library of Congress Depository Catalogue have recently been received at the State Library. The cabinets are fifteen in number, each showing a capacity of 30,000 and 40,000 cards. The cards will be sent by the Library of Congress.

Depository catalogues consist of printed lists of the author cards of the Library of Congress Catalogue. These cards are put on deposit with a limited number of libraries of the country. According to the report of the Librarian of Congress for 1905, the number of libraries of the country, including the Virginia State Library, is thirty-five.

Deposits of cards are made under the following conditions: That the cases be accommodated in suitable cases; that they shall be alphabetically arranged; that they shall be made accessible to the public; that the conditions are expensive. The fifteen cabinets that the Virginia State Library has recently received cost \$405. And more will be needed in the future, since the recataloguing of the library of Congress is a constant and about one-half complete. In addition the labor of alphabetizing the cards is a very important and costly task. Proper places in the drawers are such as to require fully one-half the time of a competent assistant, and the time required to do this work will be much greater and greater with the progress made in recataloguing the Library of Congress.

The benefits, however, arising from the use of the Depository Catalogue will justify the expense. In case a library determines to buy cards for its catalogue from the Library of Congress, instead of resorting to the much more expensive method of preparing its own cards, it can do so at a minimum of labor by ordering according to the series numbers on the cards rather than by author and title.

The preparation of bibliographical lists at the State Library is a task of great importance, and the State Library is well equipped to handle it. The State Library is well equipped to handle it. The State Library is well equipped to handle it.

The Powers and Maxine

By C. N. and A. M. Williamson
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CHAPTER XVII.—(Continued.)

"Takes! You would kill me if you could. But that doesn't make me love you less. Would Du Laurier have you if he knew what you are—as he will know soon unless you let me save you? Yet—I would love you if you were a murderer as well as a spy."

"It is you who are a spy!" I faltered, now all but broken.

"If I am, I haven't spied in vain. Not only can I ruin you with Du Laurier, and before the world, but I can ruin him utterly and in all ways."

"No—no," I gasped. "You cannot. You're boasting. You can do nothing."

"Nothing to-night, perhaps. I'm not speaking of to-night. I am giving you time. But to-morrow—the day after to-morrow—the day after that. It's much the same to me. At first, when I first began to suspect that something had been taken from its place, I had no proof. I had to get that, and I did get it—nearly all I wanted. This affair of Dundas might have been planned for my advantage. It is perfect. All its complications are just so many links in a chain for me. Girard—the man Dundas chose to employ—was the very man I'd sent to England on what errand, do you think? To watch you, friend the British Foreign Secretary. He followed Dundas to Paris on the bare suspicion that there'd been communication between the two, and he was preparing a report for me when—Dundas called on him."

"What connection can Ivor Dundas have to Paris with Raoul du Laurier?" I dared to ask.

"You know best as to that."

"They have never met. Both are men of honor, and—"

"Men of honor are tricked by women sometimes, and then they have to sue for being fools as well as men. If they had been villains. Think what such a man—a man of honor, as you say—would feel when he found out the woman?"

"A woman can be calumniated as well as a man," I said. "You are so unscrupulous you would stoop to anything. I know that. Raoul du Laurier has done nothing; I—I have done nothing, of which to be ashamed. Yet you can lie about us, ruin him perhaps by a plot, as if he were guilty, and—"

"And do terrible harm to me, as you say. And I will, unless you'll give up du Laurier and make up your mind to marry me. I always meant to have you. You are the one woman worthy of me."

"You are the man most unworthy of any woman. But give me till to-morrow evening—at this time—to decide. Will you promise me that?"

"No, I know what you would do. You would kill yourself. It is what is in your mind, and I won't risk losing you. I have waited long enough already. Give me a ring of yours, and a written word from you to Du Laurier saying that you find you have made a mistake; and not only will I do nothing to injure him, but I will guarantee the discovery of you know what. Besides, as a matter of course, I'll bring all my influence to bear in keeping your name out of this or any other scandal. I can do much, everything indeed, for I admit that it was through the leniency of the law that I trapped you with Dundas. I will say that I blundered. I know what to do to save you, and I will do it—for my future wife."

"No power on earth could induce me to break with Raoul du Laurier. I will do as you wish," I said. "If I am to give him up, I must tell him with my own lips, and bid him goodbye. I will do this to-morrow, if you will hold your hand until then."

"We looked at each other for long moments in silence. Godenky was trying to read my mind, and to make up his accordingly.

"You swear by everything you hold sacred to break with him to-morrow?"

"By the memory of my father and mother, martyred by bureaucrats like me," I pledged my word—that—if I can't break with Raoul, to let you know the first thing in the morning,